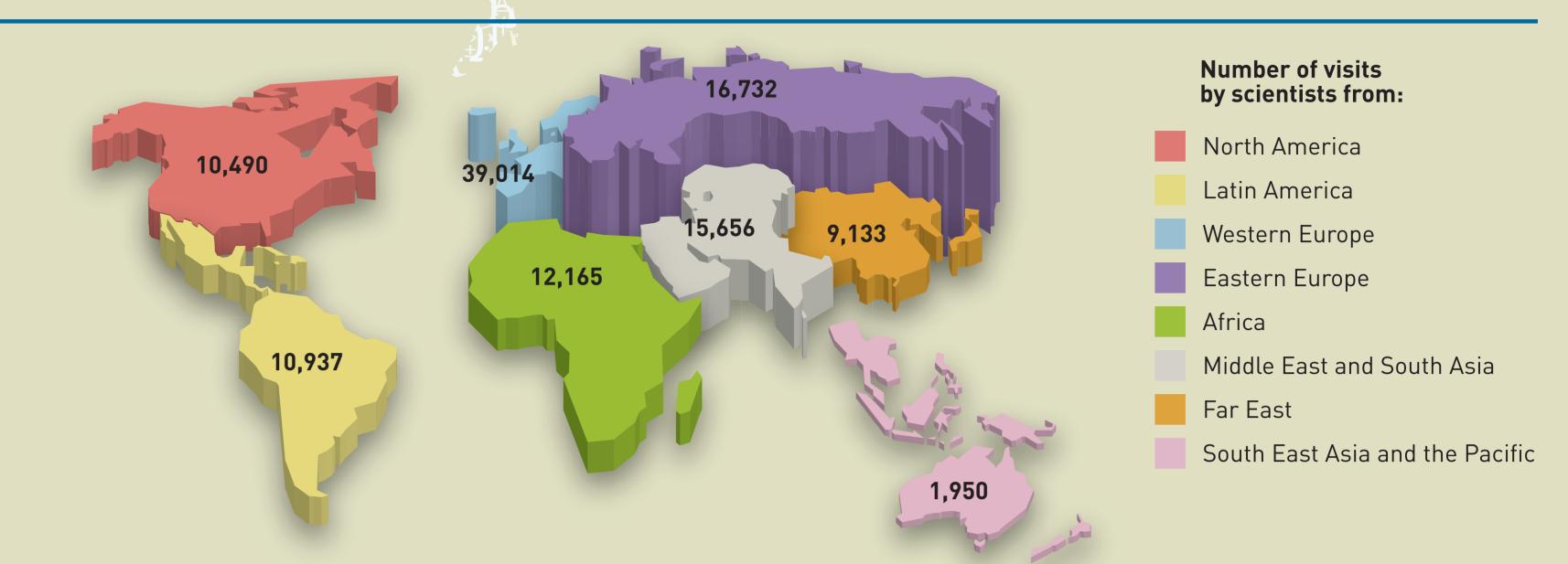




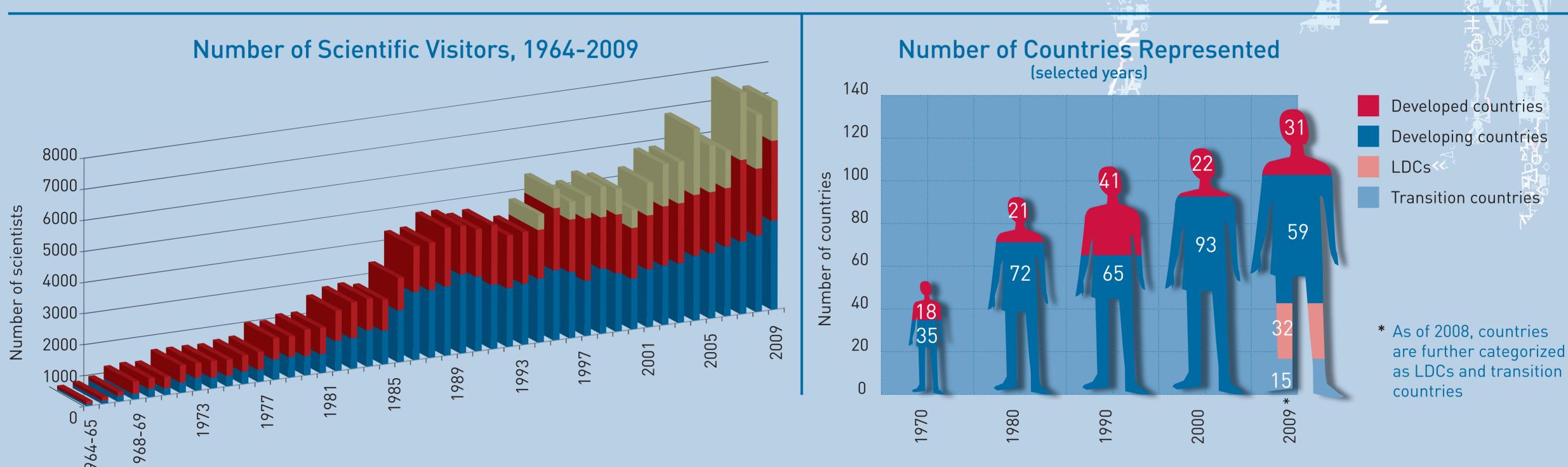
ICTPIN Numbers 2009

Where our visitors come from (1970-2009)

Since its inception, ICTP has received more than 116,000 visits from scientists representing 184 countries. About half of the scientists have come from the developing world, particularly India, China, Brazil, Argentina and Egypt. Least developed countries (LDCs) with the highest number of visitors include Bangladesh, Sudan, Ethiopia, Senegal and Nepal.



Trend of ICTP visitors by region, 1964-2009



Developing countries * Includes Least Developed
Countries (LDCs) and
transition countries

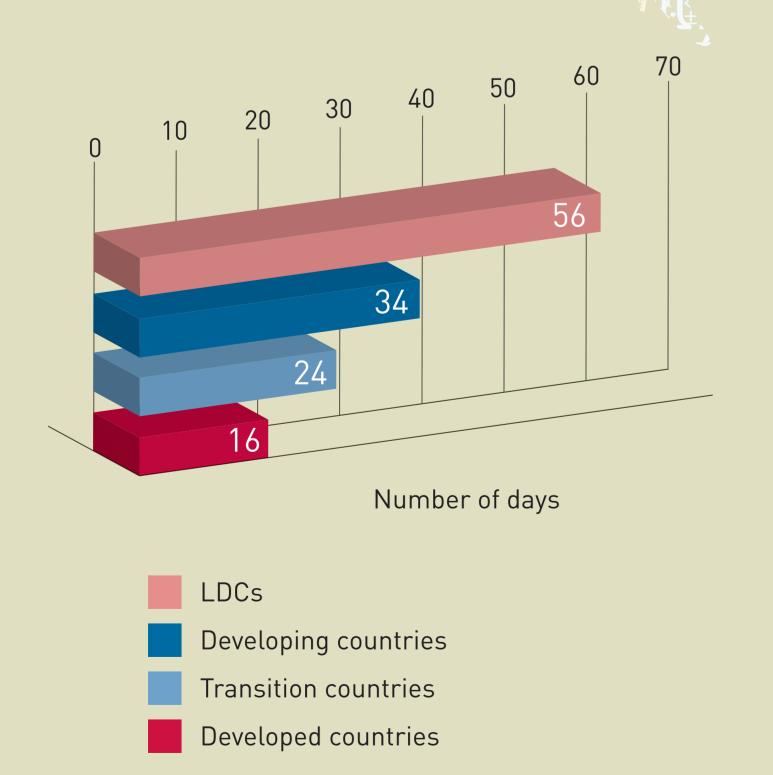
"Hosted activities"

In 1964, ICTP had 154 visitors from 40 countries. In 2009, it received 6,972 visitors from 137 countries. About 5,050 participated in ICTP regular scientific activities and 1,922 participated in activities organized by other

institutions but hosted by ICTP. Forty-seven percent of the visitors came from developed countries while the remaining 53% came from developing countries, LDCs and transition countries.

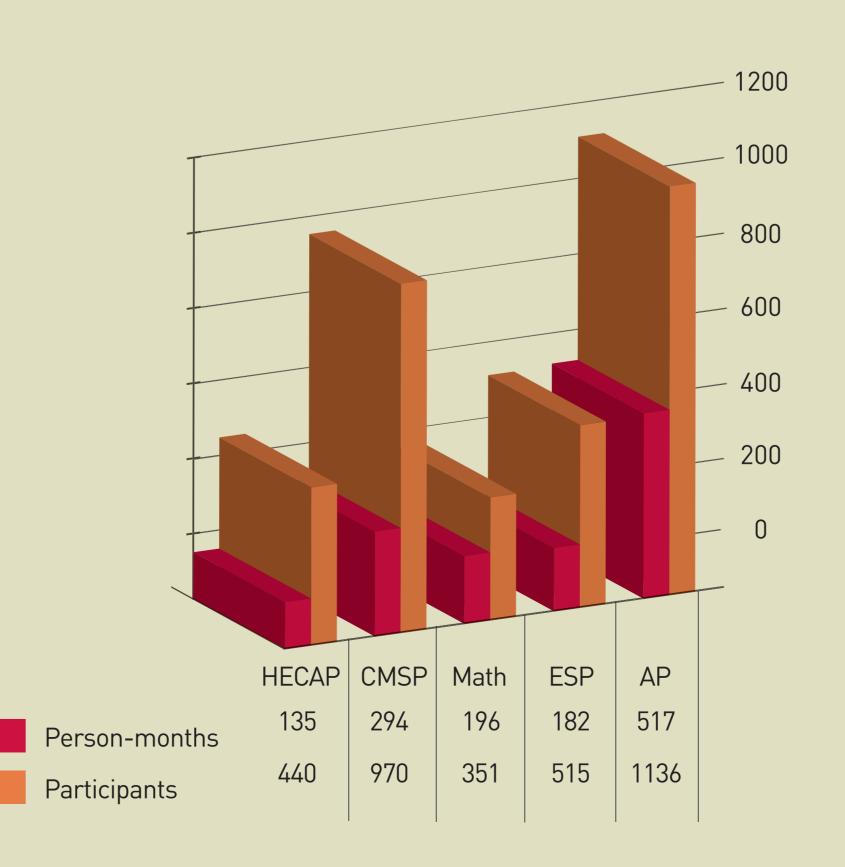
Duration of visits

Of the 5,050 total short- and long-term visitors to ICTP in 2009, the average length of stay for ICTP visitors coming from LDCs, developing countries and transition countries was 56, 34 and 24 days respectively. Overall, the time spent by visitors from these regions represents 70% of the total. Visitors from developed countries spent an average 16 days at ICTP.



ICTP training activities

In 2009, ICTP organized 58 training activities related to its five main areas of research: High Energy, Cosmology and Astroparticle Physics (HECAP); Condensed Matter and Statistical Physics (CMSP); Mathematics (Math); Earth System Physics (ESP); and Applied Physics (AP). In total, ICTP provided 1,323 months of training to 3,412 course participants for an average length of stay of 12 days. In addition, 10 regional training activities were organized by ICTP and held in Africa, Asia, Europe and Latin America.



Gender statistics

Globally, women account for slightly more than one quarter of researchers. Over the past nine years, the number of women participating in ICTP activities has increased steadily and now stands at 20 percent of the total number of visitors. In 2009, 128 female scientists came from Africa, 262 from Asia, 139 from Latin America, 122 from transition countries, and 424 from developed regions.

